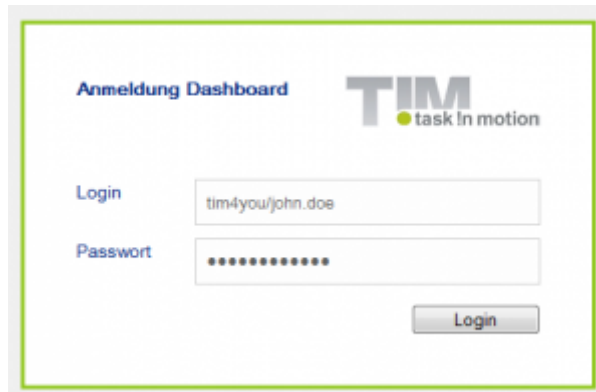


# Dashboard - Overview

## Dashboard Login

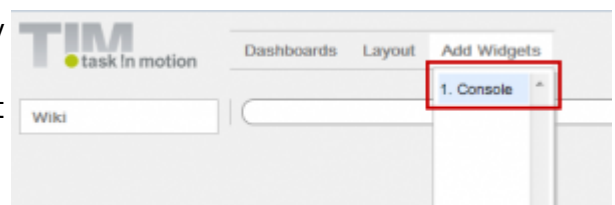
The image shows a login form for the TIM dashboard. The title is 'Anmeldung Dashboard' with the TIM logo 'TIM task In motion' to the right. There are two input fields: 'Login' containing 'tim4you/john.doe' and 'Passwort' containing masked characters. A 'Login' button is at the bottom right.

Currently, every user can login to the dashboard with his/her own personal login data. It is possible to individualize the displayed information for the user. A new dashboard can be generated by selecting the item **dashboards** in the menu.

The image shows a small dialog box titled 'Provide a Dashboard name'. It has a text input field containing 'Wiki' and two buttons: 'Ok' and 'Cancel'.

## Adding and Creating Widgets

A dashboard can contain as many widgets as desired by the user. A widget can display almost any piece of information and has to be defined by an [administrator](#). It is not possible to add a console widget (by which all existing information can be processed) if the current (logged-in) user does not have administrative rights.



Please refer to the following [information](#) for more on the types of charts and structures that can be used in TIM.

The development of widgets requires knowledge of SQL, which also conforms to the standards of MySQL syntax.

### SQL examples

```
SELECT name, email FROM view_identity WHERE identityType = 'user';
```

In this example, the widget provides an overview of all existing users in the system. Please refer to this [page](#) to access further examples.

## How to Save a Widget

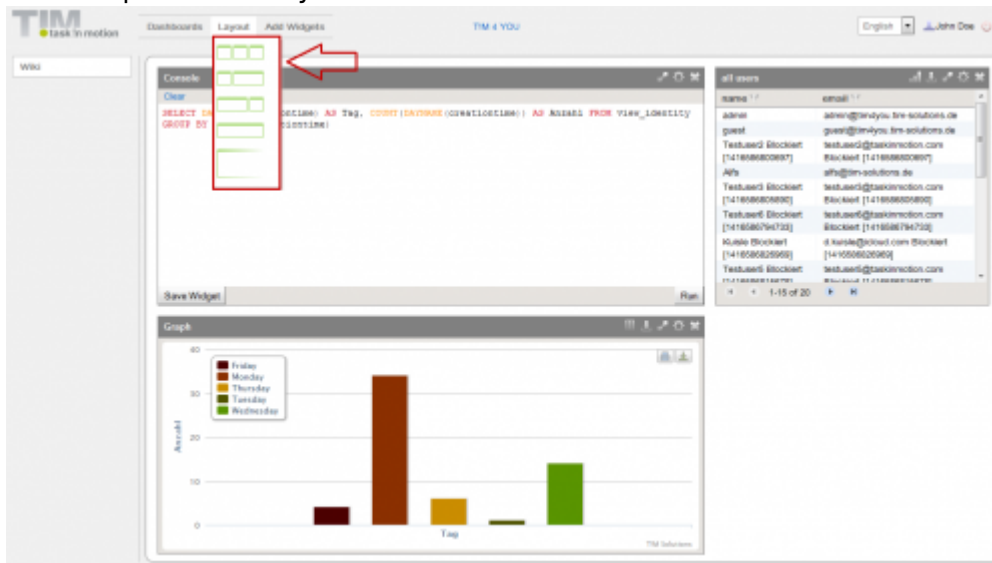
A widget providing the desired content can be saved and then eventually made accessible to other users for their own benefit. To save a widget, click on the button "Save a Widget". A user-defined name has to be given to the widget.

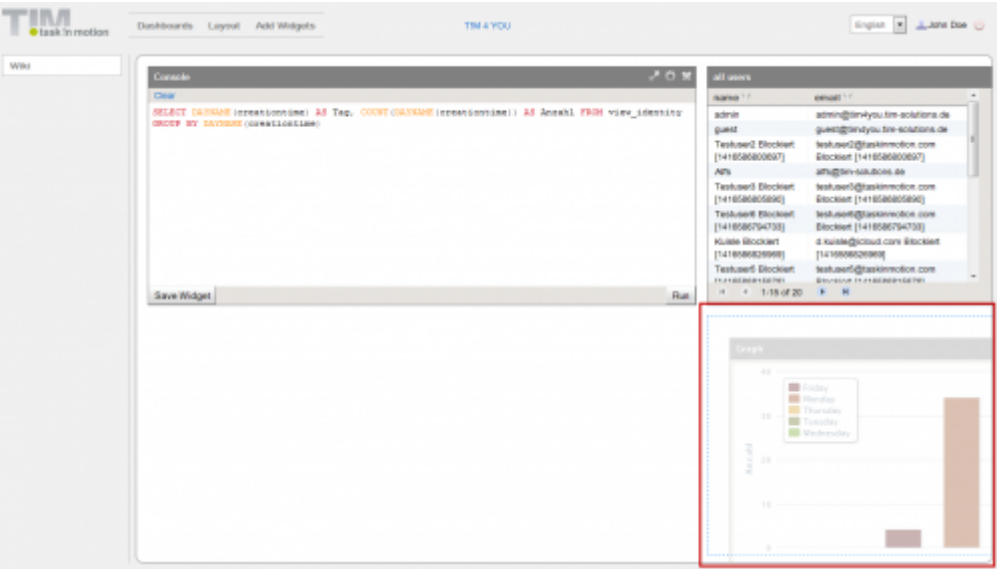


In this example, the widget is named **All Users** and is selected via the menu "Add Widgets".






## Layout and Arrangement

The arrangement of the widgets can be performed automatically by selecting the desired layout from the menu, as shown in the preview. The layout selection will always effect the design of the dashboard currently being accessed. If a widget is improperly located within the Dashboard, it can easily be moved onto another tile. The exact size and shape of the widget are then set in accordance with the predefined layout.





Widget Menu

Symbol	Function
	This item on the menu allows the widget information to be displayed graphically in a diagram
	This item on the menu exports the complete content of the widget to a single file in Excel-format
	This item changes the widget size to be displayed with the largest possible width
	This item opens the printer dialog of the local computer
	This option enables the user to set the diagram type, and remove or delete a widget from the Dashboard

Graphical Analysis of Widgets

If the user wishes to display the widget information graphically, this can be easily and flexibly implemented. For correct implementation, X- and Y-axes have to be created. In the current example, this is not possible to do because an axis cannot be created based solely on entities such as “name” and “Email”. To create the graph, a new widget, showing how many users were generated on each weekday, needs to be generated.

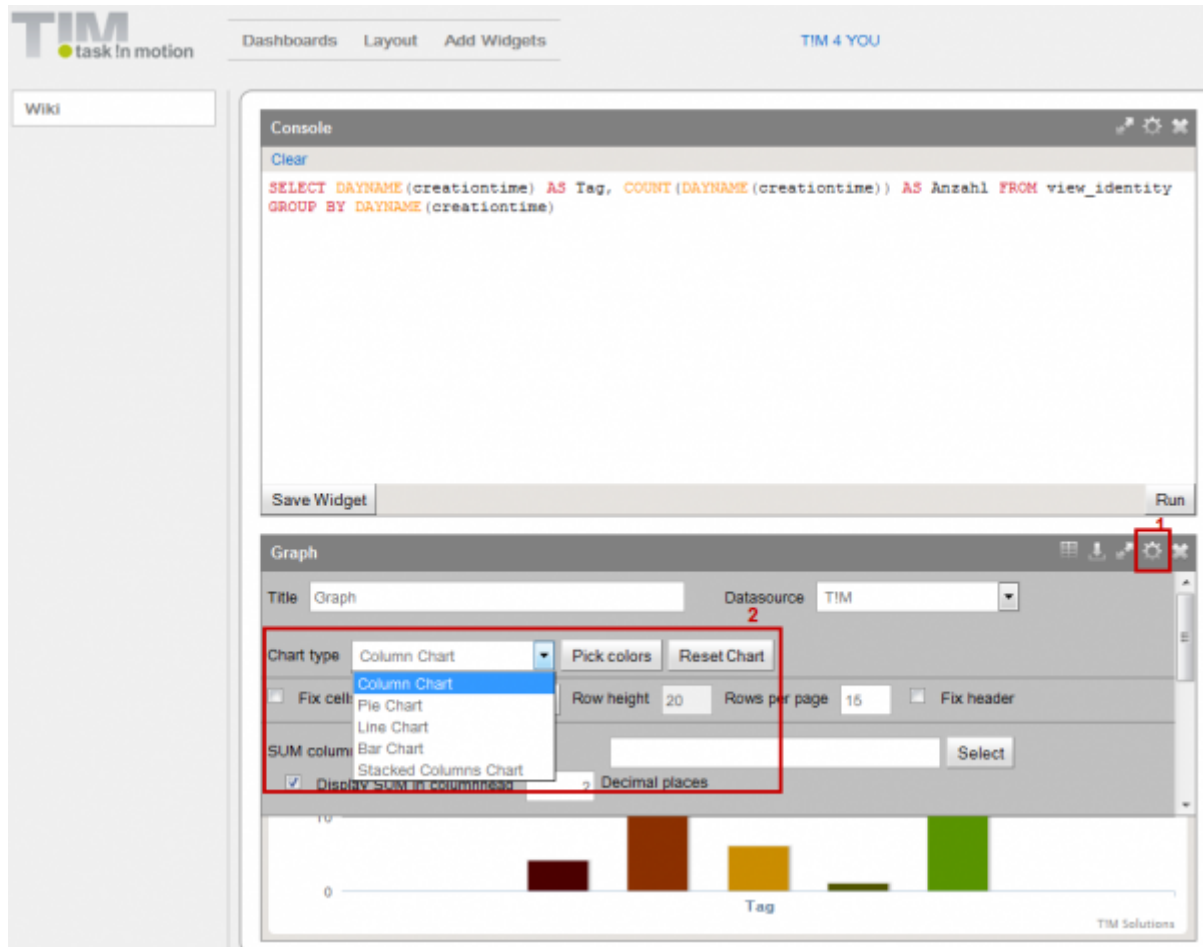
```
SELECT DAYNAME(creationtime) AS Tag, COUNT(DAYNAME(creationtime)) AS NUMBER
FROM view_identity GROUP BY DAYNAME(creationtime)
```

This can be saved in the usual manner and then added to the dashboard. Next, the diagram symbol/function can be used to set the X- and Y-axes. If a specific type of diagram is desired, this is modified via the widget configuration settings.

TIP!

If an analysis is deemed invalid due to a value being too far outside the norm, this may be removed

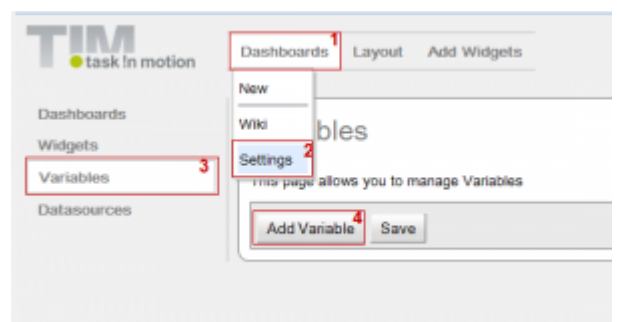
by selecting and deleting the respective group from the legend.



## Working with Variables

The dashboard enables widgets to be displayed based on the selection of particular variable's value. For instance, in the first example not every user should be displayed by the widget. Rather, the user should be able to select the information to be displayed. To enable this function the widget has to be changed as follows:

```
SELECT name, email FROM view_identity WHERE identityType = :identityType
```



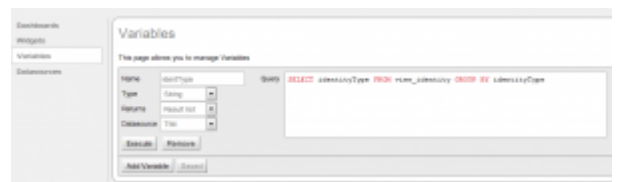
### Note!

Within the dashboard, the displayed variables will always be identified by “:Variable name”

In a second step, the desired content of the variable is defined. To do this the following menu items must be selected: **Dashboards → Settings → Variables**

By clicking on the button “Add Variable” an input field enabling the definition of the variable is displayed. The following fields are now available:

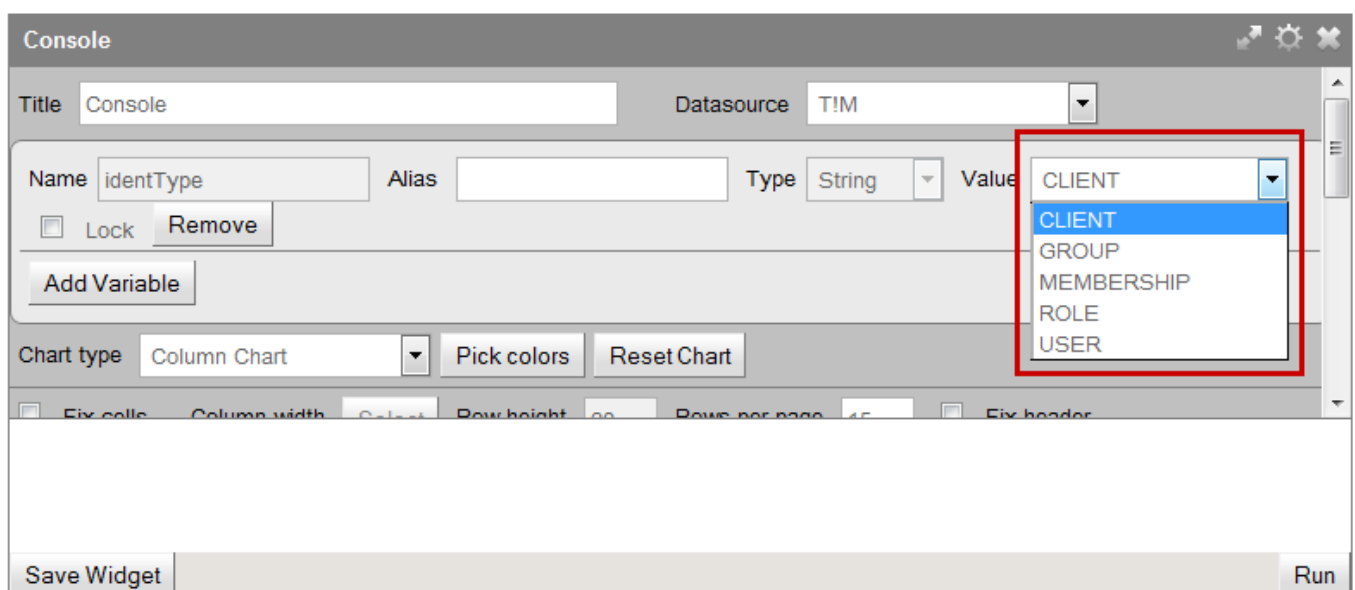
- Name - enter here the name of the variable
- Type - this indicates if the output is formatted as letters, numbers or dates
- Returns - This indicates if the result is a single output or a list of multiple outputs
- Query - the content of a variable can be defined within this field by using MySQL syntax
- Execute - this shows the test results of the variable
- Remove - this function will delete the complete variable from the system



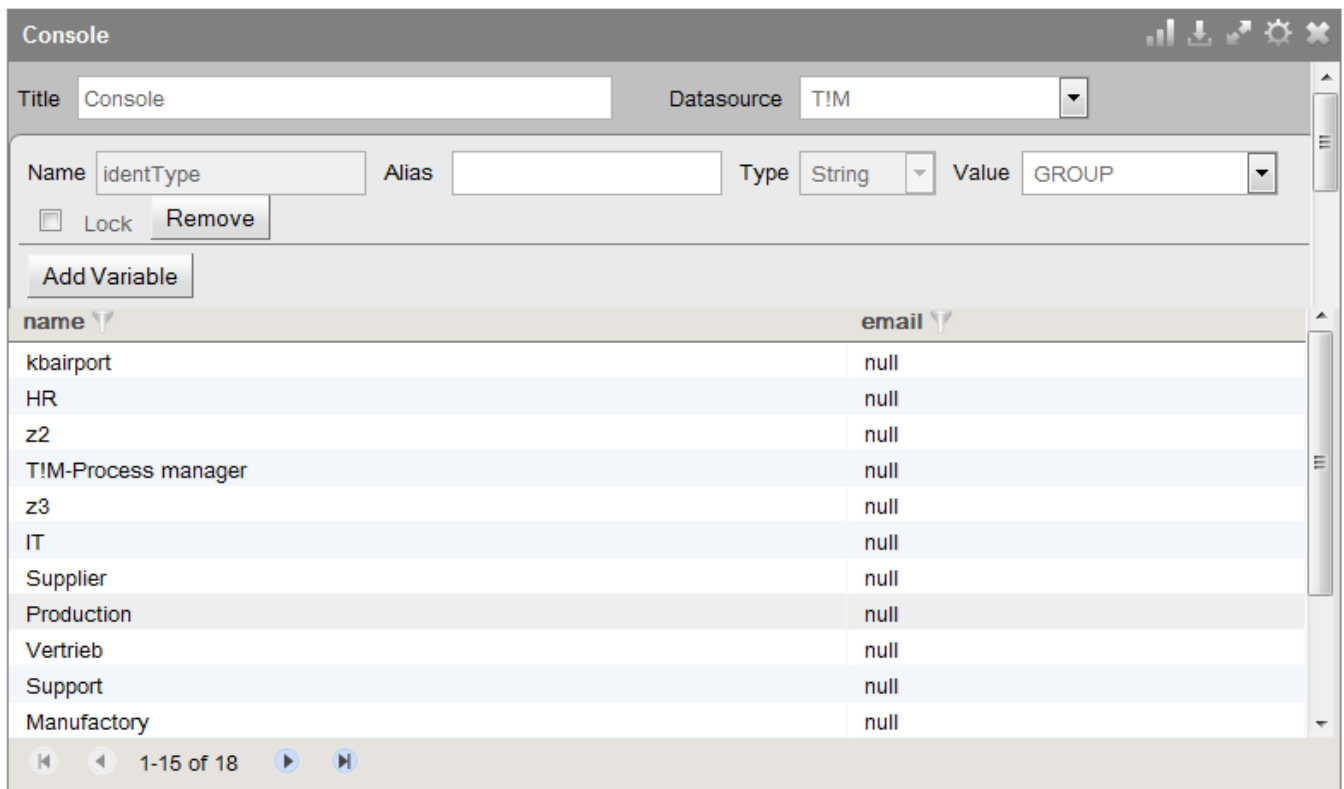
### Variable identityType

```
SELECT identityType FROM view_identity GROUP BY identityType
```

To test this variable, the user should execute the variables before saving and **5 results** should be returned.



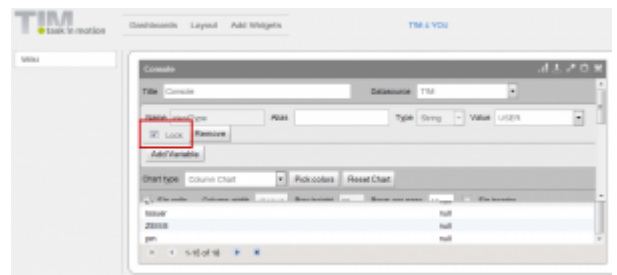
After this, the value of the variable can be defined and confirmed within the widget configuration menu by clicking **OK**. The new content will be adapted to reflect the system and the variable settings. The selection will look as depicted below after the widget has been saved:



name	email
kbairport	null
HR	null
z2	null
T!M-Process manager	null
z3	null
IT	null
Supplier	null
Production	null
Vertrieb	null
Support	null
Manufactory	null

## Locking Variables

If the same widget is to be used by multiple entities, e.g. several departments, a locked variable can be implemented in the widget. This ensures that end user cannot change the variable



If the variable has been locked, the user is not able to change its value. For example, in the present screenshot the value "user" would always be selected by default. This can only be changed by the owner of the widget. This makes it possible to use a widget for several dashboards, while ensuring that various users only have access to the information for which they are authorized.

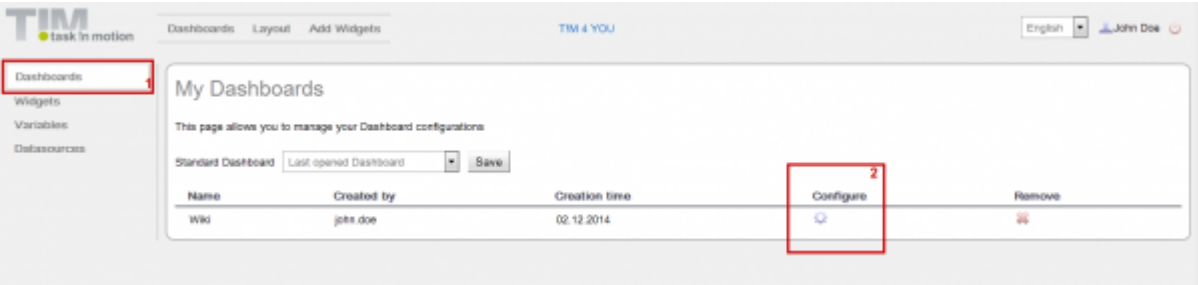
## Using Global Variables

So-called global variables can be used within the dashboard. The following variables belong to this category:

Variable	Results
:CURRENT_USER_NAME	This names the current logged-in user
:CURRENT_USER_ID	This provides the UserID of the user
:CURRENT_USER_DEPARTMENT	This shows the department to which the user belongs
:CURRENT_CLIENT_NAME	This gives the name of the client
:CURRENT_CLIENT_ID	This provides the current ClientID
:CURRENT_TIMESTAMP	This shows the current time stamp
:CURRENT_USER_GROUPS_NAMES	This shows to which groups the current user belongs in quotation marks (“,”)
:CURRENT_USER_GROUPS_NAME1	This shows the first group to which the logged-in user belongs
:CURRENT_USER_GROUPS_NAME2	This provides information on any second group in which the currently logged in user is a member
et cetera...	

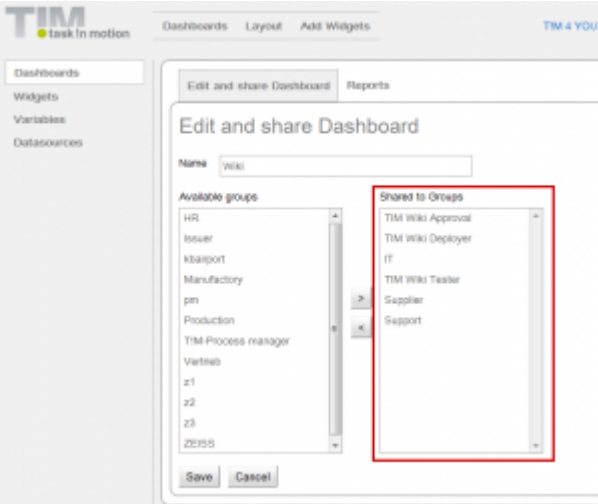
## Approving Predefined Dashboards

If a dashboard containing all required widgets and settings has been



created, this may be distributed to all individuals working together with TIM. Users of this group can then login to the dashboard and have access to its widgets and widget settings. Authorized access can then be granted by selecting the following items in the menu: **Dashboards → Settings → Dashboards**

Here the configurations of the respective dashboards can be chosen. The user can then select the desired TIM groups (while holding the “Ctrl” key) and grant them authorization to the dashboard.



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